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Essential health and safety information for propane and butane gas cylinders



uklpg

IMPORTANT - PLEASE READ THIS BOOKLET

The Different Types of LPG

There are two different types of LPG – Propane and Butane. J Gas Propane (red cylinders) has a lower boiling point than J Gas Butane (white cylinders) and is stored at a higher pressure so it is more suited for storage and use outdoors. Butane's boiling point is around 0°C so in colder conditions around this temperature it will not work and therefore is more suited to indoor domestic uses.



Propane

Propane cylinders are used for a wide range of industrial & domestic uses including cooking, heating and leisure. Also used widely with mechanical handling industry for fork lift trucks.



Butane

Butane is predominately used for domestic heating (mobile heaters) and in leisure applications during the summer months.

J Gas Propane Cylinders: 6kg, 11kg, 11kg Patio, 19kg and 47kg



When using J Gas Propane:

- **Always** treat a cylinder with care to ensure that the valve is not damaged.
- **Always** use and transport cylinders in the upright position unless specifically designed for liquid offtake (FLT).
- **Always** return the cylinder to supplier when empty or when not in use for long periods.
- **Always** read the instructions and labels provided with your appliance and keep them handy for future reference.
- **Always** keep your appliance clean and have it serviced regularly by a competent person.
- **Always** ensure there is an adequate supply of fresh air in the room where your appliance is used. If a room has ventilators or grilles ensure these are open. If a room becomes stuffy, open a window or door immediately.
- **Always** be careful when lifting cylinders. Full cylinders weigh approximately twice the nett weight shown on the cylinder.
- **Always** contact your local dealer should you have any questions on using J Gas Propane.

When using J Gas Propane:

- **Never** subject a cylinder to heat as the pressure inside could build up to exceed the safe limit.
- **Never** attempt to disconnect or unscrew a regulator from any cylinder if the flame does not go out when the cylinder handwheel is turned off. Leave appliance alight and call your local J Gas Dealer for advice.
- **Never** store or use cylinders in cellars or below ground level. LPG is heavier than air and if there is an escape the gas will collect at a low level, can be asphyxiate, and can become dangerous in the presence of a flame or spark. For the same reason do not store cylinders any closer than 2 metres from untrapped drains, unsealed gullies or openings to cellars.
- **Never** use propane cylinders indoors at domestic premises or in high rise flats.
- **Never** attempt to force a regulator of one size on to a cylinder's valve of another size. If you have any difficulties contact your local dealer.
- **Never** improvise or modify your gas appliance. Do not let unqualified people tamper with or service your appliance; it could become unsafe to use.

Connecting 11kg Patio Propane Cylinder

1. On this type of cylinder there is no dust cap or seal, please ensure that the valve is clean and free of dirt or debris.
2. Check the regulator switch is in the 3 o'clock "off" position, push the regulator down onto the cylinder valve, you will hear a "click" which indicates that the regulator is in place and locked.
3. Turn the regulator on /off switch to the 12 o'clock "on" position. The appliance is now ready for use.
4. Always turn the on /off switch to the 3 o'clock "off" position when you are finished using the appliance.



Disconnecting 11kg Patio Propane Cylinder

5. Turn the regulator on/off switch to the "off" position 3 o'clock.
6. Press the on/off switch and you will again hear a "click" as the regulator disengages from the valve.
7. Remove the cylinder and place in a well ventilated outdoor area.

NB If you can hear or smell gas, reattach the regulator and put the switch to the 'off' position and contact your supplier.



Connecting 6kg, 11kg, 19kg & 47kg Propane Cylinders

Propane cylinders have a 'female' valve connection. Check the connection is clean and undamaged. This is a 'face to face' seal and is to be fully tightened by the correct size spanner. (**Left hand thread**).

1. Check that the valve handwheel is OFF by turning clockwise.
2. Remove the protective plug and leave hanging to replace later.
3. Inspect the bullnose connection of the regulator for damage before connecting.

NOTE: A gas tight seal is created by face to face connection between the bullnose & cylinder valve.

4. Fit the connecting nut (**left hand thread**) to the cylinder, using the correct spanner.

Note that Propane cylinder connections must be tight, but do not over tighten.

5. Ensure appliances are turned off.
6. When gas is required turn the valve handwheel anti-clockwise.
7. Check for gas soundness using leak detection solution or soapy water.

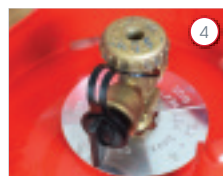


Disconnecting 6kg, 11kg, 19kg & 47kg Propane Cylinders

1. Turn the appliance OFF. Wait until the burner/pilot light has gone out.
2. Close the cylinder valve handwheel OFF by **turning clockwise**.

N.B. Never remove the Regulator with the cylinder valve open.

3. Remove the Regulator (**left hand thread**) with the correct spanner.
4. Replace the protective plug into the valve outlet.

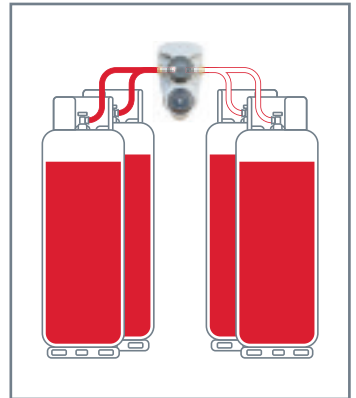


How an Automatic Changeover Regulator works

The automatic cylinder changeover regulator allows continuous usage of gas without interruption emptying one bank of cylinders at a time. Cylinders from one group "Service" are used in preference to the other "Reserve" cylinder group.

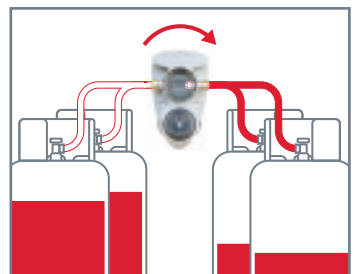
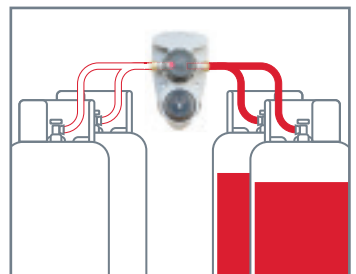
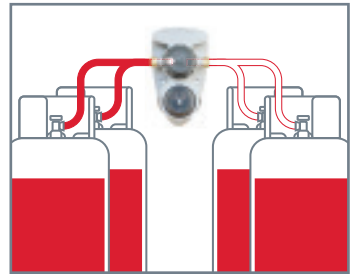
Overview

When the "Service" group is empty an indicator shows red showing that the "Service" group of cylinders are empty or near to being empty. At this point the changeover automatically starts to draw gas from the "Reserve" group ensuring uninterrupted gas supply to the user.



How to operate your changeover valve

1. When first installed select which cylinder/s you want to start to provide the service. This service bank of cylinders will be used in preference to the other reserve cylinders until there is insufficient gas left in the cylinders. Four Cylinders are recommended when installation requirement exceeds 32kW.
2. Keep an eye on the indicator, checking every one to two days. When Indicator shows red continuously, call J Gas for your next exchange of cylinders. The reserve bank of cylinders are now already being used so it's important to contact J Gas promptly.
3. When the empty cylinder bank is exchanged, the person who exchanges will then turn the cylinder bank selection indicator to the existing part-used cylinder bank and the indicator will turn clear, ready to indicate again when they become empty – this bank of cylinders are now the "Service" and the replaced bank is now the "reserve" bank, ready until the next time the cylinders empty and the indicator turns red.



Four Cylinders are recommended when installation requirement exceeds 32kW.

J Gas Butane Cylinders: 7kg and 13kg



When using J Gas Butane:

- **Always** treat a cylinder with care to ensure that the valve is not damaged.
- **Always** use and transport cylinders in the upright position.
- **Always** return cylinders to supplier when empty or when not in use for long periods.
- **Always** read the instructions and labels provided with your appliance and keep them handy for future reference.
- **Always** keep your appliance clean and have it serviced regularly by a competent person.
- **Always** ensure there is an adequate supply of fresh air in the room where your appliance is used. If a room has ventilators or grilles ensure these are open. If a room becomes stuffy, open a window or door immediately.
- **Always** try where possible to exchange full for empty cylinders out doors. However, a change indoors should only be done away from any sources of ignition such as, open fires, boilers, electric heaters, pilot lights, lit cigarettes etc. The appliance must also be switched off and preferably allowed to cool before the cylinder change takes place.
- **Always** be careful when lifting cylinders. Full cylinders weigh approximately twice the nett weight shown on the cylinder.

When using J Gas Butane:

- **Never** subject a cylinder to heat as the pressure inside could build up to exceed the safe limit.
- **Never** attempt to disconnect a clip-on regulator from any cylinder if the flame does not go out when the regulator is turned off. Leave appliance alight and call your local J Gas Dealer.
- **Never** store or use cylinders in cellars or below ground level. LPG is heavier than air and if there was an escape the gas will collect at low level, can be an asphyxiate, and can become dangerous in the presence of a flame or spark. For the same reason do not store cylinders any closer than 2 metres from untrapped drains, unsealed gullies or openings to cellars.
- **Never** attempt to force a regulator of one size on to a cylinder's valve of another size. If you have any difficulties contact your J Gas Dealer.
- **Never** improvise or modify your gas appliance. Always ask your J Gas retailer for advice and do not let unqualified people tamper with or service your appliance. It could become unsafe to use.

Connecting 7kg & 13kg Butane Cylinders

7kg, and 13kg Butane Cylinders have a 21mm valve and must only be used with a 21mm regulator.

1. Turn the cap so that the arrow is pointing to the gap in the shroud.
2. Remove the safety cap by pulling the lanyard out, then up and leave the cap hanging. Do not use tools.
3. Check the black sealing washer is fitted inside the cylinder valve.
4. Ensure the regulator switch is in the disconnect position (3 o'clock position).
5. Fit the 21mm regulator as per instructions.
6. When gas is required, turn the switch to the vertical "on" position, or as described on the regulator instructions.

If the regulator on/off switch gets stuck when turning the supply on, it means that the regulator has been connected incorrectly. In this event the regulator must be disconnected and the correct steps to reconnect repeated from the beginning.



Disconnecting 7kg & 13kg Butane Cylinders

1. Never attempt to disconnect the Regulator with the switch in the "on" position.
2. Turn the regulator switch to the "off" position.
3. Wait until the burner and pilot lights have gone out. If the flame does not go out, turn the switch back to on; leave the appliance alight and call your gas supplier.
4. For the:
 - COMAP 1590 regulator press the push button on the lower part and lift the regulator from the valve.
 - SRG 541 regulator lift up the lever at the base of the regulator and lift the regulator from the valve.
 - Reca Comapact Quick-On regulator press horizontally on the regulator on/off switch and pull upwards at the same time.
 - TPA clip on regulator - lift the red tag on the on/off switch and pull upwards at the same time.
5. Replace the safety cap onto the cylinder valve when not in use.



J Gas Liquid Offtake FLT Cylinders: 12kg and 18kg

User Instructions

Description:

An FLT cylinder designed to give liquid propane offtake only when operating in the horizontal position. The body of the FLT cylinder is painted red and the shroud black.



Instructions for changing a cylinder

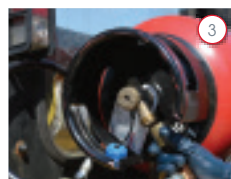
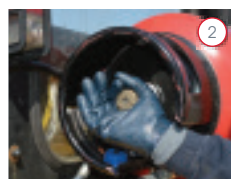
Removing cylinder from FLT

1. Park truck and apply handbrake. Ensure that naked lights, smoking, or other sources of ignition including the use of mobile phones, pagers or radio transmitters, are NOT permitted in the vicinity of the truck.
2. Close cylinder offtake valve and allow engine to stop before switching off ignition.
3. Release coupling connection from the cylinder offtake valve slowly, by hand. Care should be taken to ensure that the coupling is not damaged when not connected to the cylinder.
4. Release cylinder holding brackets or clamps.
5. Carefully remove empty cylinder.

Remove cylinder to a suitable storage site for collection; full and empty cylinders should be segregated and any damage or faulty cylinders clearly labelled.

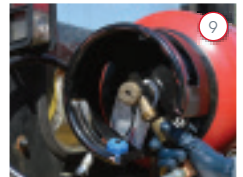
N.B DO NOT drop or otherwise mistreat the cylinder.

Be careful when lifting cylinders. Full cylinder weighs approximately twice the nett weight shown.



Adding cylinder to FLT

6. Ensure the cylinder offtake valve is in the closed position and that the black rubber washer inside the valve is in position and in good condition.
7. Position the replacement cylinder on truck. When horizontally mounted cylinders are used the **ARROW ON THE BASE MUST BE POINTING VERTICALLY DOWNWARDS**.
8. The cylinder must then be securely clamped.
9. Re-connect the flexible hose and tighten the coupling by hand, ensuring that the coupling is screwed fully home to completely open the self-sealing valve.
10. Open cylinder offtake valve **SLOWLY** to its full extent. Opening this valve quickly may cause the automatic excess flow valves to close and so impede the flow of gas to run the engine. This is a safety feature and if it occurs turn off the cylinder, wait a few minutes and then retry.
11. Start engine in the normal way.



Health & Safety Information

Appropriate PPE must always be worn when changing cylinders. Gloves, preferably gauntlets, goggles or face shield, long sleeved cotton overalls and safety footwear are recommended.

In the event of a **suspected leak**, if it is safe to do to, drive the truck to open air, ensure that there are no naked lights, smoking or other sources of ignition in the vicinity of the truck and then check the installation with a leak detection solution. **NEVER** search with a naked flame to determine the point of leakage.

Care must be taken to ensure that LPG cylinders are correctly positioned on trucks to avoid damage and ensure safety.

The most appropriate position will normally have been assessed and provided by the truck supplier, but users should always make their own assessment against their usage conditions. The cylinder **MUST NOT** overhang the truck body. **IF IN DOUBT CONSULT YOUR TRUCK SUPPLIER.**

If you require further advice please contact J Gas Technical Department on 0345 450 3121.

Carbon Monoxide

Carbon monoxide (CO) is a highly poisonous gas which can be produced if an appliance is not working correctly. It is difficult to recognise as it has no colour, smell or taste. Symptoms of CO poisoning are similar to that of a viral infection. It affects the mental ability causing a person to become incapable without knowing.

Symptoms of exposure to Carbon Monoxide:

- Tightness across the forehead.
- Headache.
- Severe headache, weakness, dizziness, nausea, vomiting.
- Coma, intermittent convulsions.
- Depressed heart action, slowed respiration. If the exposure has been severe it may cause death.

If you suspect you are suffering from the symptoms above seek immediate medical advice.

Regulators

A regulator must be included in the connection between the cylinder and the appliance, except for appliances designed to be supplied at cylinder pressure. The regulator is precisely set by the manufacturer to control the pressure of the supply and **Must Not Be Adjusted**. If a Regulator shows signs of wear, it should be replaced. **Regulators must be marked BS3016 or BS EN12864.**

Flexible Hoses

Use only certified hoses to BS3212 or BSEN1763 which bear the year and name of manufacturer as LPG attacks and erodes natural rubber. Keep hose lengths as short as possible. All hoses must be secured with appropriate hose clips. Make sure that the hoses are kept clear of 'hot spots' and inspect them from time to time. Replace any hose that shows signs of wear, cracking or other damage.

Hoses fitted to cabinet heaters must be marked BS3212 type 2 (or BSEN1763 Class B) and be of 8mm inside diameter.

Emergency Advice

If you suspect a leak, turn off the gas, open all the doors and windows and ensure there is no source of ignition nearby i.e. extinguish any cigarettes and switch off your mobile phone. Examine all pipes and connections. If the leak is not located, turn on the gas supply and brush over the connections with leak detection fluid – it will bubble where there is a leak. Butane has a special odorant added to help with the detection of leaks. **NEVER USE A NAKED FLAME** to search for a leak.

In the Event of Fire

- Immediately raise the alarm and call the **Fire Service** advising them of the presence of LPG.
- Shut all valves on cylinders if safe to do so.
- Keep cylinders cool by water spray if possible.
- Ring the **J Gas Emergency No: 07739 882001**



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